



13 July 2004

Khalid Shaykh Muhammad: Preeminent Source On Al-Qa'ida (SUNF)

SECHET!

NOFORWIMA

Khalid Shaykh Muhammad: Preeminent Source On Al-Qa'ida (BUNN)

Key Findings (U)

Since his March 2003 capture, Khalid Shaykh Muhammad (KSM), the driving force behind the 11 September attacks as well as several subsequent plots against US and Western targets worldwide, has become one of the US Government's key sources on'al-Qa'ida. As a detaines, he has provided reports that have shed light on al-Qa'ida's strategic doctrine, plots and probable targets, key operatives, and the likely methods for attacks in the US homeland, leading to the disruption of several plots against the United States.

• Information from KSM has not only dramatically expanded our universe of knowledge on al-Qa'ida's plots but has provided leads that assisted directly in the capture of other terrorists, including Jemaah Islamiya leader Hambali

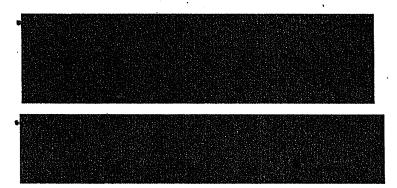
KSM steadfastly maintains that his overriding priority was to strike the United States but says that immediately after 11 September he realized that a follow-on attack-in-the-United States would be difficult because of new security measures. As a result, KSM's plots against the US homeland from late 2001 were opportunistic and limited, including a plot to fly a hijacked plane into the tallest building on the US West Coast and a plan to send al-Qa'ida operative and US citizen Jose Padilla to set off bombs in high-rise spartment buildings in a US city. (X



• CIA assesses that KSM has revealed at least the broad outlines of the set of terrorist attacks upon which he and his lieutenants focused from about 1999 until his detention four years later. We judge that KSM has been generally accurate because his information tends to be consistent, and much of it has been corroborated by fellow detainees and other reporting.

SECRETIA NOEORNIMA

SECRETA NO FORNIAR



SECRETIA NOFORWIMA

Khalid Shaykh Muhammad: Preeminent Source On Al-Qa'ida (S//NP)

What KSM Has Told Us (SIANK)



Khalid Shaykh
Muhammad (KSM), the
driving force behind the
11 September attacks as
well as saveral
aubsequent plots against
US and Western targets
worldwide, has become,
since his capture in
March 2003, a key
intelligence source for
the US Government on
al-Qa'ida's plots and

personalities. Debrishings since his detention have yielded reports that have shed light on the plots, capabilities, the identity and location of al-Qa'ida operatives, and affiliated terrorist organizations and networks. He has provided information on al-Qa'ida's strategic doctrine, probable targets, the impact of striking each target set, and likely methods of stracks inside the United States.

- KSM has also provided in considerable detail the traits and profiles that al-Qa'ida sought in Western operatives after the 11 September attacks.
- In addition, KSM has given us insight into how al-Qa'ida might conduct surveillance of potential targets in the United States, how it might select targets.

It will take years to determine definitively all the plots in which KSM was involved and of which he was aware, but our extensive debriefings of various KSM lieutenants since early 2003 suggest that he has divulged at least the broad outlines of his network's most significant plots against the United States and elsewhere in his role as al-Qa'ida's chief of operations outside Afghanistan:

- Striking the United States. Despite KSM's assertion that a post-11 September attack in the United States would be difficult because of more stringent security measures, he has admitted to hatching a plot in late 2001 to use Jemsah Islamiya (II) operatives to crash a hijsoked airliner into the tallest building on the US West Coast. From-late-2001 until early 2003, KSM also conceived several low-level plots, including an early 2002 plan to send al-Qa'ida operative and US citizen Jose Padilla to set off bombs in high-rise apartment buildings in an unspecified major US city and an early 2003 plot to employ a network of Pakistanis-including lymm Faris and Majid Khan-to target gas stations, railroad tracks, and the Brooklyn Bridge in Now York. KSM has also spoken at length about operative Ja'far al-Tayyar, admitting that al-Qa'ida had tasked al-Tayyar to case specific targets in New York City in 2001.
- Attacks in Asia, Europe, the Middle East. During 2000-2001, KSM plotted attacks against US and other targets in Southeast Asia using al-Qa'ida and II operatives, but after the 11 September attacks he claims that he largely regarded II operatives as a resource for his plots against targets in Europe and



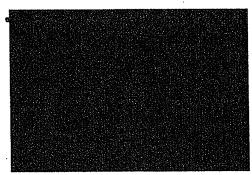
Using KSM To Implicate Sufant in CBRN Plotting (SIDE)

Reporting from KSM has greatly advanced our understanding of al-Qa'ida's anthrax program.

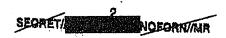
- In response to questions about al-Qa'ida's afforts to acquire WMD, KSM revealed he had met three individuals involved in al-Qa'ida's program to produce anthrax. He appears to have calculated, incorrectly, that we had this information already, given that one of the three—Yazid Sufaat—had been in foreign custody for several months before KSM's arrest for unrelated teriorist activity.
- When confronted with the information provided by KSM. Yazid, who had access to press reports and therefore knew of KSM's capture, appreaded ariger because he figured it was KSM who betrayed him. Eventually, Yazid admitted his principal role in the antirax program and provided some fraging tray information on his, at the time, at ill appreading assistable; But it was ultimately the information provided by KSM that lid to the capture of Yazid's two principal assistants in the anthrax program.



the United States. KSM took a robust role in directing and assisting operations during 2002 and carly 2003, including oversceing the Heathrow Plot, providing money to Hamball for terrorist plots in Bast Asia, and encouraging attacks against US tatgets in Saudi Arabia. He has also revealed details of the al-Qa'ida bombing of the Djerba synagogue in Tunisia in April 2002 and his role in this attack.



· Historical Plots. KSM has been one of the primary sources on understanding how the 11 September attacks were conceived, planned, and executed. While KSM was the manager of the 11 September plot, he claims to lack knowledge of many aspects of the attack's planning and execution because Bin Ladin and his deceased deputy Muhammad 'Atif played a key role in the selection of operatives, and Ramzi Bin al-Shibh, not KSM, was in direct contact with the 11 September hijackers once they were in the United States. KSIM also has provided a fair amount of detail on the 1994-95 "Bojinka" plot-formulated along with his nephew Ramel Yousef-in which they conspired to explode in midsir a dozen US-fissged sirliners over the Pacific Ocean (S/



KSM has not admitted to a role in the bombing by II operatives of nightchibs in Bali in Ootober 2002; Hambali claims that he financed these bombings from funding provided by KSM for attacks in general in Southeast Asia.

KSM's Rolodex A Boon For Operations (SUNF)

KSM's decade-long career as a terrorist, during which he met with a broad range of Islamic extremists from around the world, has made him a key source of information on numerous al-Qs'ida operatives and other mujahidin. He has provided intelligence that has led directly to the capture of operatives or fleshed out our understanding of the activities of important detainees, which in turn assisted in the debriefings of these individuals.





Similarly, information that KSM provided to us on Majid Khan in the spring of 2003 was the crucial first link in the chain that led us to the capture of prominent JI leader and al-Qa'ida associate Hambali in August 2003 and more than a dozen Southeast Azian operatives slated for attacks against the US

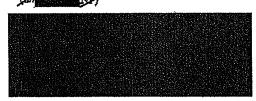
homeland. KSM told us about Khan's role in delivering \$50,000 in December 2002 to operatives associated with Hambali.

- In an example of how information from one detainee can be used in debriefing another detainse in a "building-block" process, Khan—who had been detained in Pakistan in early 2003—was confronted with KSM's information about the money and acknowledged that he delivered the money to an operative named "Zubair." Khan also provided Zubair's physical description and contact number. Based on that information, Zubair was captured in June 2003.
- During debriefings, Zubeir revealed that he worked directly for Hambali

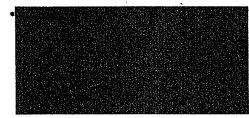
we used the information Zubair provided by Zubair to a subair to a

 Next, KSM—when explicitly queried on the issue—identified Hambali's brother, 'Abd al-Hadi, as a prospective successor to Hambali.

Bringing the story full circle, 'Abd al-Hadi identified a cell of II operatives—some of them pilots—whom Hambali had sent to Karachi for possible al-Qa'ida operations. When confronted with his brother's revelations, Hambali admitted that he was grooming members of the cell for US operations—at the behest of KSM—probably as part of KSM's plot to fly hijacked planes into the tallest building on the US West Coast.







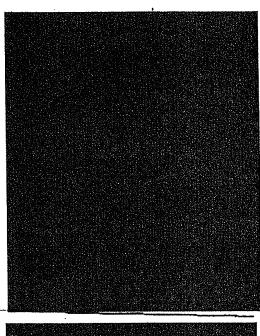
KSM's Information Seems Credible . . . (8/208)

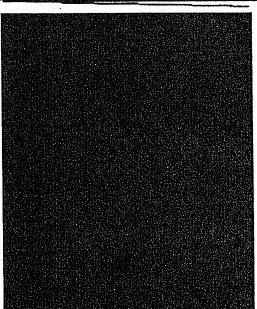
KSM

the bulk of his reporting—such as on the Heathrow plot and operatives targeted for missions against the United States after 11 September—has been consistent with or corroborated by reporting from other detainers.

- e Shortly after his captura, KSM probably was willing to divulge limited information on the Heathrow plot because key Heathrow plotter Ramei Bin al-Shibh had been detained about six months earlier. Nevertheless, KSM withheld details about the evolution of the operation until confronted with reporting from two other operatives knowledgeable concerning the plot—Khallad Bin !Attach and KSM's nephew Ammar al-Baluchi—who were caught
- KSM also provided much more specific information on al-Qa'ida's operational activities with II and the identities of II operatives only after he was confronted by detailed questions derived from the debrickings of II leader and al-Qa'ida associate Hambali, pressure that the provided respective to the pro

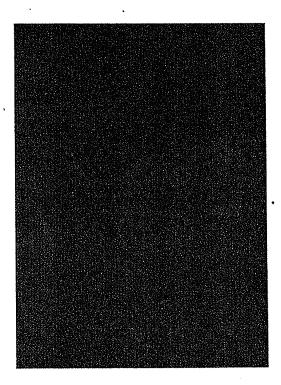






CD00000

SECRET/ NOEORN/MR



SECRETA NO FORNAME



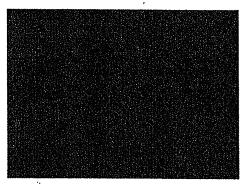
Appendix: Biography of Khalid Shaykh Muhammad (KSM) (U)

Khalid Shaykh Muhammad (KSM) was born on 24 April 1965; his father, a cleric who died in 1969, moved to Kuwait slong with other Baluchi relatives from Iran in the 1950s and early 1960s, when large numbers of migrants traveled to the Gulf region from across the Muslim World to take advantage of the oil boom. In a lengthy autobiographical statement made after his capture, KSM noted that he had a rebellious streak from childhood; he claimed that in grade school, he and his nephew, World Trade Center bomber Ramzi Yousef, tore down the Kuwaiti flag from their school. He also stated that he joined the Muslim Brotherhood as a teenager as an expression of his defiance against the secular world he saw around him.

 In addition to Ramzi Yousef, another five relatives of KSM are terrorists, the most notable of whom are nephew 'Ali 'Abd al-Aziz 'Ali (a.k.a. 'Ammar), a key facilizator for the 11 September attacks



KSM's limited and negative experiences in the United States—which included a brief jall stay because of unpaid bills—almost certainly helped propel him on his path to become a terrorist. KSM stated in his jailhouse autobiography that, while attending North Carolina A&T State University, he focused on his studies and associated primarily with fellow Islamist students from the Middle East.



He stated that his contacts with Americans, while minimal, confirmed his view that the United States was a debauched and racist country.

After graduating from A&T in 1986 with a
degree in mechanical engineering. KSM said
that he traveled to Afghanistan to participate in
the fighting against the Soviet Army there. He
stated that most of his time in Afghanistan
during this period was directed to support work
for other mujahidin.

KSM also has identified the terrorist activities of his nephew Ramzi Yousef, along with his anger at the US Government's support of Israel, as playing a pivotal role in his decision to engage in terrorism against the United States. In 1992, KSM says he provided about \$1,000 to help fund Yousef's bombing of the World Trade Center, adding that he was impressed by the ease with which his nephew was able to operate in the United States.

SECRETIA NOFORWINE

He then joined Yousef in the Philippines in 1994 to plan the "Bojinka" plot—the simultaneous bombings of a dozen US-flagged commercial airliners over the Pacific.

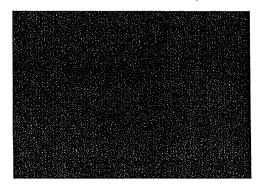
 After the Bojinka plot was disrupted and Yousef was eaught in early 1995, KSM escaped but was subsequently indicated in the United States for his role in the plot and went into hiding.



While preparing the Bojinka plot, Yousef and KSM also discussed the idea of using planes as missiles to strike targets in the United States, including the White House and the Central Intelligence Agency. KSM says that, in 1996, he expanded the idea of using planes as missiles by conceiving of a plot of hijacking ten airliners to strike simultaneously targets on both coasts of the United States.

KSM traveled to Afghanistan in the mid-1990s to gain the support of Usama Bin Ladin and thereby hopefully obtain the resources necessary to realize the operation. The al-Qa'ida leader at first domutred but changed his mind in late 1999 and provided KSM operatives and funding for a scaled-down version of his hijacking operation. This planning culminated in the 11 September attacks.

 Before September 2001, KSM was neither a formal member of al-Qa'ids nor a member of its leadership council, but in addition to managing the 11 September operation, he headed



al-Qa'ida's Media Committee and oversaw offorts during 2000-2001 to work with East Asian Jemzah Islamiya (II) operatives to launch terrorist attacks in Southeast Asia against US and Israeli targets.

• KSM has stated that he intentionally did not swear bay ah (a pledge of loyalty) to Bin Ladin until after September 2001 so that he could have ignored a decision by the al-Qa'ida leadership to cancel the 11 Soptember attacks.

After late 2001, the collapse of the Taliban regime, the dispersal of al-Qa'ida's leadership, and the prestige associated with engineering the 11 September attacks combined to propel KSM into the role of operations chief for al-Qa'ida around the world.

• KSM stated that he had planned a second wave of hijacking attacks even before September 2001 but shifted his sim from the United States to the United Kingdom because of the United States' post-11 September security posture and the British Government's strong support for Washington's global war on terror.

- In addition to attempting to prepare this so-called "Heaftrow Plot"—in which he planned to have multiple aircraft attack Heathrow Airport and other targets in the United Kingdom—KSM also issueched a number of plots against the United States.
- Although he was responsible for operational plotting, KSM stated that during most of 2002, he spent considerable time managing the movement and housing of operatives and their families from Afghanistan to Pakistan and then onwards to the Middle East. (SIMP)

